

S8 Table. Baseline clinicopathologic and molecular factors and their effects on patients' survival

Variable	Stratification	Objective response rate	Progression-Free-Survival				Overall survival			
		Chi-square test	Univariate analysis		Multivariate analysis		Univariate analysis		Multivariate analysis	
		p-value	p-value	HR (95% CI)	p-value	HR (95% CI)	p-value	HR (95% CI)	p-value	HR (95% CI)
Sex	Female vs. male	0.08	0.06	2.61 (0.98-6.96)	0.50	1.61 (0.41-6.38)	0.09	2.96 (0.86-10.24)	0.41	2.05 (0.37-11.26)
Age (yr)	< 60 vs. ≥ 60	1.00	0.35	1.48 (0.65-3.34)	0.13	2.25 (0.80-6.37)	0.05	3.06 (1.00-9.32)	0.03	4.64 (1.20-18.00)
Smoking status	No vs. yes	0.17	0.22	1.97 (0.67-5.77)	0.31	2.18 (0.49-9.64)	0.36	1.78 (0.52-6.12)	0.35	2.65 (0.34-20.42)
Tumor stage	LS-SCLC vs. ES-SCLC	0.65	0.15	1.80 (0.81-3.98)	0.27	1.94 (0.60-6.24)	0.52	1.36 (0.53-3.46)	0.86	0.89 (0.22-3.59)
TP53 (B1)	Wild type vs. mutation type	0.50	0.29	2.95 (0.40-21.86)	0.33	2.93 (0.33-25.95)	0.85	1.22 (0.16-9.23)	0.66	0.58 (0.05-6.46)
RB1 (B1)	Wild type vs. mutation type	0.67	0.60	0.81 (0.37-1.76)	0.19	0.54 (0.21-1.36)	0.44	1.44 (0.57-3.69)	0.54	1.44 (0.44-4.73)
LRP1B (B1)	Wild type vs. mutation type	0.67	0.27	1.54 (0.71-3.35)	0.28	0.59 (0.22-1.53)	0.15	1.96 (0.79-4.86)	0.29	1.85 (0.59-5.78)
FAT1 (B1)	Wild type vs. mutation type	0.13	0.33	1.58 (0.63-3.94)	0.11	2.88 (0.80-10.37)	0.03	3.52 (1.17-10.63)	0.02	5.66 (0.37-11.26)

Chi-square test was used to analyze the relationship between these factors and objective response rate. Progression-free survival and overall survival were analyzed using univariate and multivariate Cox regression. $p \leq 0.05$ was considered as significant. CI, confidence interval; HR, hazard ratio.