

S2 Table. Univariate analysis of platelet indices

	HR (95% CI)	p-value
PLT ($\times 10^9/L$)		0.015*
≤ 301	Reference	
> 301	1.39 (1.07-1.82)	
PDW (%)		0.001*
≤ 32.4	Reference	
> 32.4	0.68 (0.54-0.86)	
MPV (fl)		$< 0.001^*$
≤ 8.1	Reference	
> 8.1	1.52 (1.19-1.95)	
PCT (%)		$< 0.001^*$
≤ 0.28	Reference	
> 0.28	1.57 (1.20-2.07)	
PLR		0.015*
≤ 173.76	Reference	
> 173.76	1.32 (1.05-1.64)	
PDW/PLT ($\%/ \times 10^9/L$)		0.002*
≤ 0.155	Reference	
> 0.155	0.70 (0.56-0.87)	
PDW/PCT		$< 0.001^*$
≤ 190	Reference	
> 190	0.65 (0.52-0.82)	
MPV/PLT ($fl / \times 10^9/L$)		0.009*
≤ 0.0508	Reference	
> 0.0508	1.38 (1.08-1.76)	
MPV/PCT ($fl/\%$)		0.093
≤ 51.43	Reference	
> 51.43	0.81 (0.63-1.04)	
RDW/PLT ($\%/ \times 10^9/L$)		0.104
≤ 0.0449	Reference	
> 0.0449	0.78 (0.58-1.05)	

CI, confidence interval; HR, hazard ratio; MPV, mean platelet volume; PCT, plateletcrit; PDW, platelet distribution width; PLR, platelet-to-lymphocyte ratio; PLT, platelet count; RDW, red blood cell distribution width. *Statistically significant ($p < 0.05$).